PRIVATE COMPANY OPERATING METRICS: GLOBAL ANALYSIS

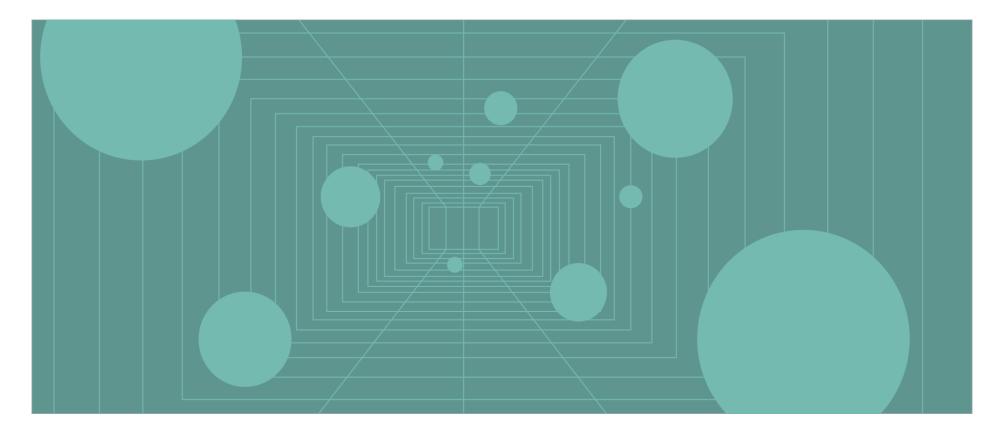




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Introduction to Operating Metrics

- The data in this report on operating metrics provide insights into key parts of the process by which private equity (PE) managers execute their strategy:
 - Purchasing the company and optimizing the capital structure
 - Improving the performance of the company and transforming the business
- PE managers aim to purchase companies at attractive prices and optimize their capital structures, then—after operational improvements, revenue growth, and/or other acquisitions—seek to sell the company at a higher price.
- Similar metrics can be used to evaluate both private and public companies, though public market analysts typically focus on company earnings and price-earnings ratios rather than EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, and amortization) and use EBITDA multiples as their proxy for cash flow.
- Cambridge Associates has now captured and analyzed current and historical data from global PE funds for seven consecutive years. This year's report includes data through the period ending December 31, 2017.
- Our analysis allows for the comparison of private and public companies across industry sectors and company sizes for various parts of the investment process. The data shed light on key levers and value drivers in private equity, as well as the risks and returns of private equity versus public equity.

Notes on the Data

- Cambridge Associates collected information from PE firms of all sizes with broad mandates, as well as specialized and sector-focused strategies. The sample of private investments includes about 4,000 US-based companies, more than 2,000 European companies, and more than 1,200 Asian companies acquired by PE firms from 2000 through 2017 and is subject to change over time. Across the globe, the companies included in the analysis range in enterprise value from less than \$1 million to larger than \$130 billion.
- Within the report, depending on the metric analyzed, the set of companies included will vary. This is due to the acquisition and disposition of
 companies during the period analyzed. Additionally, this reflects the impact of a statistical tool, an interquartile range, used to screen for outliers as
 part of each calculation. Finally, restatements in company data that sometimes occur may lead to changes in historical metrics.
- Operating metrics data were collected directly from investment managers and have not been independently verified.
- Unless specified, the exhibits include unrealized and realized investments.
- For European and Asian comparisons between the total company universe and public markets, the MSCI All Country Europe and MSCI All Country Asia indexes were selected based on the market capitalization of the underlying stocks.
- Sector classifications are based on the Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS). GICS was developed and is the exclusive property and a service mark of MSCI Inc. and S&P Global Market Intelligence LLC and is licensed for use by Cambridge Associates. GICS sector classifications changed in late 2018; however, these changes are not reflected in this report as the analyses are as of December 31, 2017. It should be noted that the GICS changes could have a meaningful impact on future sector analyses.
- Individual company operating metrics (e.g., revenue and EBITDA) have not been adjusted for acquisitions.
- The analyzed holding period for some companies represented in the dataset is short, so EBITDA growth rates may be muted initially, as PE owners may not seek to maximize EBITDA in the first several years of ownership.
- Any company with a negative metric for EBITDA, net debt, or revenue was excluded from analysis using that metric. Metrics are calculated in local currency.
- Company counts for each analysis reflect all submitted transactions, excluding outliers. Starting with this year's analysis, we have refined our
 methodology to eliminate "duplicate" transactions completed by the same firm across funds in a given year. As a result, there have been changes to
 metrics previously published. For a "club" or syndicated deal that involves two or more separate firms, there would still be two or more companies in
 our universe.
- When the operating metrics information is disaggregated into deal types, enterprise values, and sectors, the sample sizes are smaller and may be biased by one or several data points. Time periods with fewer than 15 observations have been marked NA.
- Past results are not an indication of future results, provide no guarantee for the future, and will not be constant over time.

GLOBAL COMPARISONS: ASIA, EUROPE, AND THE UNITED STATES*

* Investments in Asia, Europe, and the United States represent different opportunities that will impact the metrics in this report. For a breakdown of buyout, growth equity, and others deals in each region, see Appendix A.



Since 2013, average US valuations have been markedly higher than those in Europe

Asian acquisition multiples have been the highest among the regions, influenced by the high growth equity component of the sample

AVERAGE EBITDA PURCHASE PRICE MULTIPLES AT ACQUISITION OF PRIVATE COMPANIES BY REGION As of December 31, 2017 • Enterprise Value/EBITDA

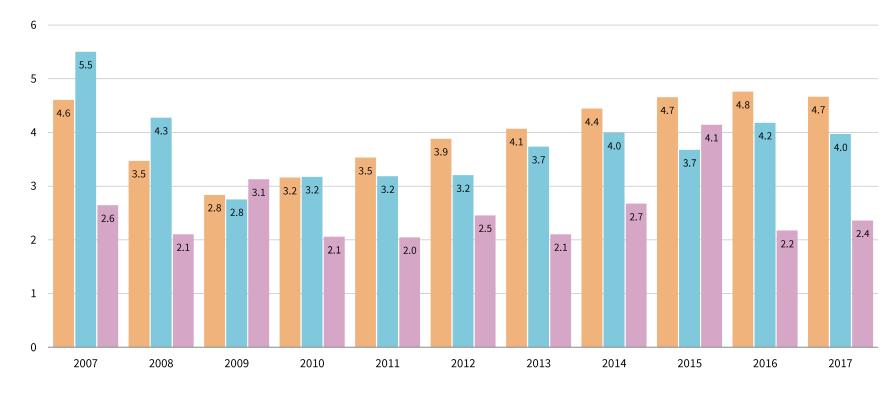
12.6 12.4 12.1 11.5 -10.6 10.3 10.7 10.6 10.3 10.0 9.9 9.6 9.6 9.3 9.1 9.3 9.3 9.2 9.0 9.0 8.8 8.8 8.7 8.4 8.1 8.2 8.1 8.0 8.1 8.0 8.0 7.7 7.1 **Number of Companies United States** Europe Asia

Leverage generally rose in the United States and Europe from 2009 to 2016; it dropped slightly in 2017

Asian companies continued to be significantly less levered

AVERAGE EBITDA LEVERAGE MULTIPLES AT ACQUISITION OF PRIVATE COMPANIES BY REGION

As of December 31, 2017 • Net Debt/EBITDA



					Numb	er of Com	panies				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
United States	295	171	103	230	214	259	149	195	170	154	145
Europe	167	120	51	141	143	107	94	116	84	82	55
Asia	66	56	26	56	47	40	44	37	21	21	23

Globally, private companies grew revenue strongly in 2017, with growth in all three regions meaningfully improving over 2015 and 2016

Asian companies have averaged more than double the growth of European companies and more than 1.5 times the growth of US companies

AVERAGE ANNUAL REVENUE GROWTH OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES BY REGION

As of December 31, 2017 • Annual Growth Rate (%)



				N	umber of C	companies				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
United States	295	509	633	765	791	724	747	658	624	552
Europe	254	340	402	467	474	406	341	335	284	248
Asia	62	120	138	225	242	261	228	187	127	125

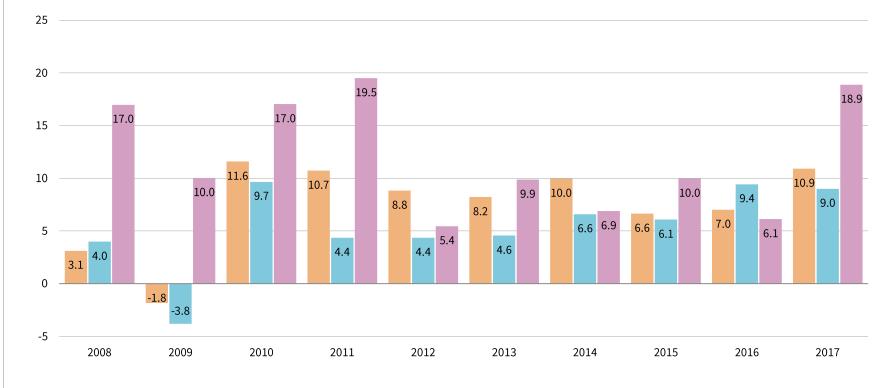
Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

Across regions, 2017 EBITDA growth eclipsed the prior five-year average

Europe trailed other regions over the period with average growth of 5.4%, versus Asia with 12.1% and the United States with 7.5%

AVERAGE ANNUAL EBITDA GROWTH OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES BY REGION

As of December 31, 2017 • Annual Growth Rate (%)



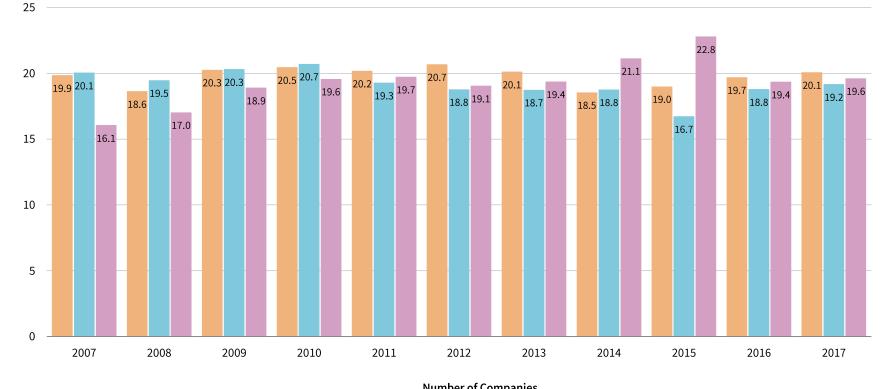
				N	umber of C	Companies				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
United States	276	448	542	677	688	602	610	502	465	405
Europe	234	314	348	432	438	363	307	311	252	205
Asia	65	106	133	171	155	152	129	119	94	94

Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

US companies generally operated with the highest margins

AVERAGE ANNUAL EBITDA MARGIN OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES BY REGION

As of December 31, 2017 • EBITDA/Revenue (%)



						Numbe	er of Comp	anies				
_		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	United States	320	489	654	848	1,046	1,161	886	965	792	798	762
	Europe	276	347	430	531	630	618	515	556	480	433	363
	Asia	63	116	140	204	254	263	232	271	201	170	216

Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

EUROPEAN ANALYSIS

- Purchase Price Multiple
- Leverage Multiple
- Revenue Growth
- EBITDA Growth
- EBITDA Margin
- Exit Metrics



As public valuations decreased in 2016, private company valuations jumped; they both remained roughly the same in 2017

Private PPMs in 2016 and 2017 represented an increase of 1.3x over 2015, reflecting a premium to public company valuations

AVERAGE EBITDA PURCHASE PRICE MULTIPLES AT ACQUISITION OF PRIVATE EQUITY–OWNED COMPANIES VS PUBLIC COMPANIES As of December 31, 2017 • Enterprise Value/EBITDA

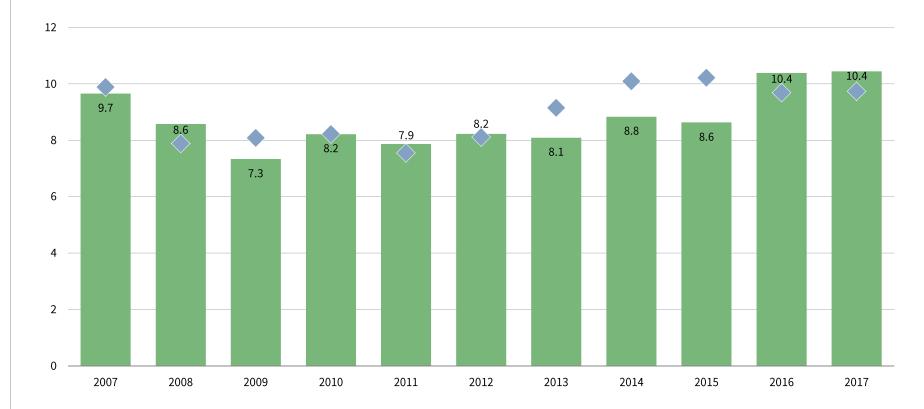


				N	umber of (Companie	s				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Private Equity–Owned Companies	171	123	66	151	156	113	104	123	91	91	61
MSCI All Country Europe Index	318	241	216	230	229	227	231	236	239	221	218

Sources: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers), FactSet Research Systems, and MSCI Inc. MSCI data provided "as is" without any express or implied warranties. Note: Outliers were identified and excluded and the same methodology was applied to the private equity and public company universes.

Before evaporating in 2016, PE buyout "discount" to public companies increased from 2013 to 2015

AVERAGE EBITDA PURCHASE PRICE MULTIPLES AT ACQUISITION OF BUYOUT COMPANIES VS PUBLIC COMPANIES As of December 31, 2017 • Enterprise Value/EBITDA



					Numbe	er of Comp	anies				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Buyout Companies	151	103	48	119	132	83	88	100	73	78	52
MSCI All Country Europe Index	318	241	216	230	229	227	231	236	239	221	218

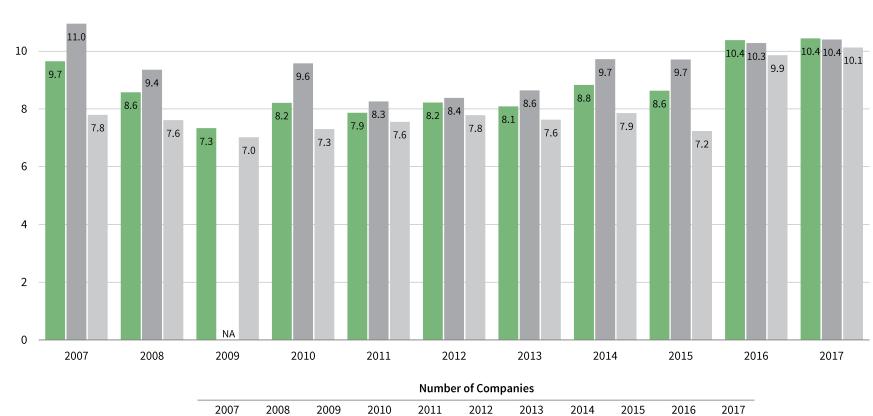
Sources: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers), FactSet Research Systems, and MSCI Inc. MSCI data provided "as is" without any express or implied warranties. Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded and the same methodology was applied to the private equity and public company universes. Private equity-owned companies were identified by the manager's strategy.

Small European buyout companies are historically cheapest . . .

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... but the discount is shrinking

AVERAGE EBITDA PURCHASE PRICE MULTIPLES AT ACQUISITION OF PRIVATE EQUITY BUYOUT COMPANIES BY ENTERPRISE VALUE SEGMENT As of December 31, 2017 • Enterprise Value/EBITDA



Buyout Companies	151	103	48	119	132	83	88	100	73	78	52
EV €250M – €1B	54	40	NA	35	45	29	21	33	32	36	17
EV < €250M	58	47	31	72	78	42	55	56	39	38	30

Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded from the private equity company universes. Companies with an enterprise value over €1B were excluded from this analysis due to lack of data.

EUROPEAN ANALYSIS

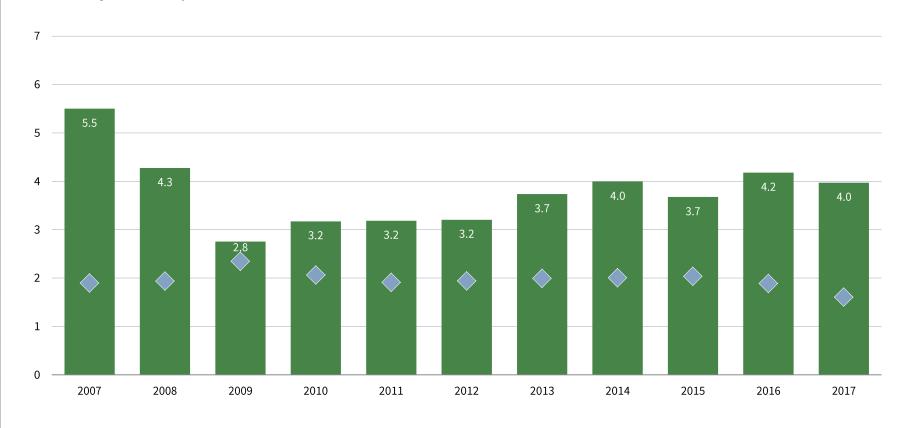
- Purchase Price Multiple
- Leverage Multiple
- Revenue Growth
- EBITDA Growth
- EBITDA Margin
- Exit Metrics



Since 2009, leverage has increased in PEowned companies and has remained relatively constant in publics

Buyouts dominate the European sample

AVERAGE EBITDA LEVERAGE MULTIPLES AT ACQUISITION OF PRIVATE EQUITY–OWNED COMPANIES VS PUBLIC COMPANIES As of December 31, 2017 • Net Debt/EBITDA



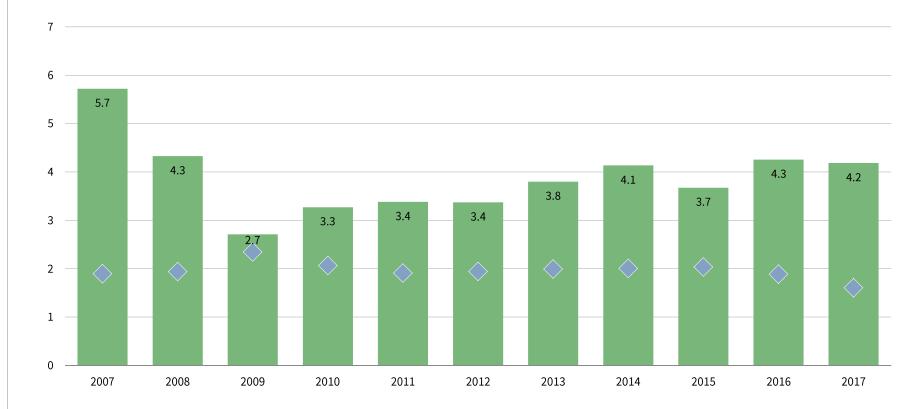
					Numbe	er of Comp	anies				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Private Equity–Owned Companies	167	120	51	141	143	107	94	116	84	82	55
MSCI All Country Europe Index	253	208	187	184	195	192	187	199	192	184	177

Sources: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers), FactSet Research Systems, and MSCI Inc. MSCI data provided "as is" without page | 16 any express or implied warranties.

Leveraged buyouts lived up to their name

For the last five years, PE-owned companies have carried approximately twice the leverage of public companies

AVERAGE EBITDA LEVERAGE MULTIPLES AT ACQUISITION OF BUYOUT COMPANIES VS PUBLIC COMPANIES As of December 31, 2017 • Net Debt/EBITDA



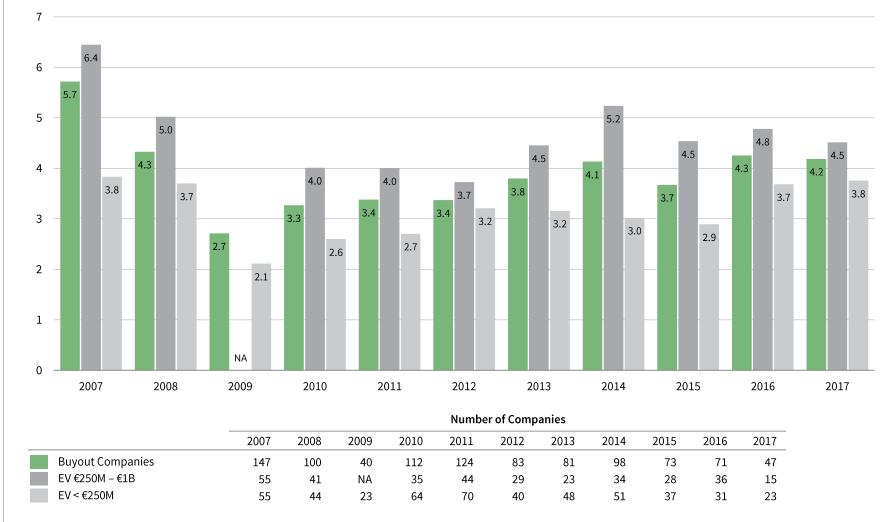
					Numbe	er of Comp	anies				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Buyout Companies	147	100	40	112	124	83	81	98	73	71	47
MSCI All Country Europe Index	253	208	187	184	195	192	187	199	192	184	177

Sources: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers), FactSet Research Systems, and MSCI Inc. MSCI data provided "as is" without any express or implied warranties. Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded and the same methodology was applied to the private equity and public company universes. Private equity-owned companies were identified by the manager's strategy.

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Despite an increase in leverage in 2016 and 2017, small buyouts have remained less levered than larger peers

AVERAGE EBITDA LEVERAGE MULTIPLES AT ACQUISITION OF PRIVATE EQUITY BUYOUT COMPANIES BY ENTERPRISE VALUE SEGMENT As of December 31, 2017 • Net Debt/EBITDA



Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded from the private equity company universes. Companies with an enterprise value over €1B were excluded from this analysis due to lack of data.

EUROPEAN ANALYSIS

- Purchase Price Multiple
- Leverage Multiple
- Revenue Growth
- EBITDA Growth
- EBITDA Margin
- Exit Metrics

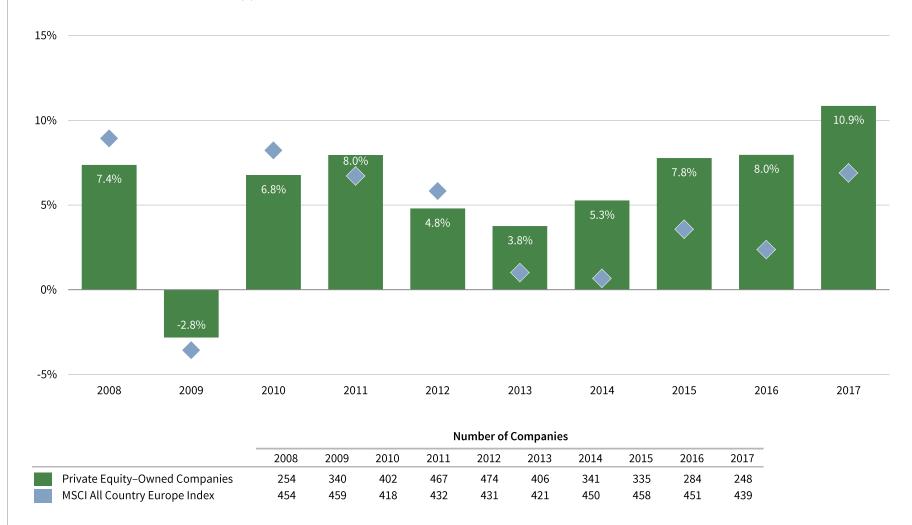


PE-owned companies grew revenue twice as fast in 2017 than they averaged over the previous nine years

Public company growth rates have been more volatile than those of PE companies

AVERAGE ANNUAL REVENUE GROWTH OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES VS PUBLIC COMPANIES

As of December 31, 2017 • Annual Growth Rate (%)



Sources: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers), FactSet Research Systems, and MSCI Inc. MSCI data provided "as is" without any express or implied warranties. Note: Outliers were identified and excluded and the same methodology was applied to the private equity and public company universes.

Growth equity companies averaged annual revenue growth of 20% or more since 2014

Since 2008, growth equity averaged 19.4% annual growth; buyouts averaged 4.9%

AVERAGE ANNUAL REVENUE GROWTH OF BUYOUT AND GROWTH EQUITY COMPANIES VS PUBLIC COMPANIES

25% 35.4%* 25.1% 24.7% 23.3% 21.9% 20% 19.0% 15% 16.1% 13.2% 10% 8.2% 7.5% 7.4% 7.2% 7.0% 6.7% 6.5% 5% 5.9% 5.3% 4.0% 2.5% 0% -3.0% -5% 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

As of December 31, 2017 • Annual Growth Rate (%)

		Number of Companies											
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017			
Buyout Companies	225	288	321	368	367	319	252	242	200	168			
Growth Equity Companies	22	28	47	61	73	61	76	72	64	58			
MSCI All Country Europe Index	454	459	418	432	431	421	450	458	451	439			

* Axis capped for scaling purposes.

Sources: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers), FactSet Research Systems, and MSCI Inc. MSCI data provided "as is" without any express or implied warranties.

Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded, and the same methodology was applied to the private equity and public company universes. Private equity–owned companies were identified by the manager's strategy.

Among buyouts, small company growth advantage has decreased since 2015

Instead, medium-sized companies grew the most in 2016 and 2017

AVERAGE ANNUAL REVENUE GROWTH OF PRIVATE EQUITY BUYOUT COMPANIES BY ENTERPRISE VALUE SEGMENT

As of December 31, 2017 • Annual Growth Rate (%) 15 10 9.8 8.7 8.4 8.5 8.3 8.3 7.8 6.9 6.2 6.3 6.3 6.2 5.9 5 5.6 4.9 4.1 4.0 3.7 3.3 2.6 2.5 0.8 NA 0 -0.9 -2.2 -3.0 -5 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 60

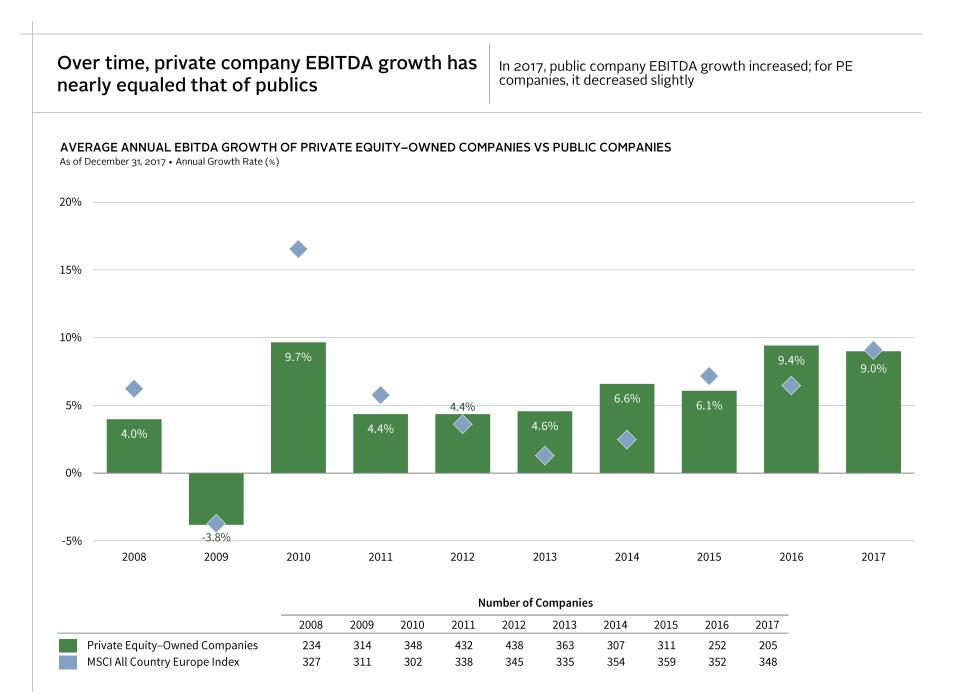
	Number of Companies									
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Buyout Companies	225	288	321	368	367	319	252	242	200	168
EV>€1B	75	90	94	99	73	57	37	26	23	NA
EV €250M – €1B	72	100	123	142	123	98	76	78	71	68
EV <€250M	78	101	110	134	170	161	138	142	105	84

Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers). Note: Outliers were identified and excluded from the private equity company universes.

EUROPEAN ANALYSIS

- Purchase Price Multiple
- Leverage Multiple
- Revenue Growth
- EBITDA Growth
- EBITDA Margin
- Exit Metrics



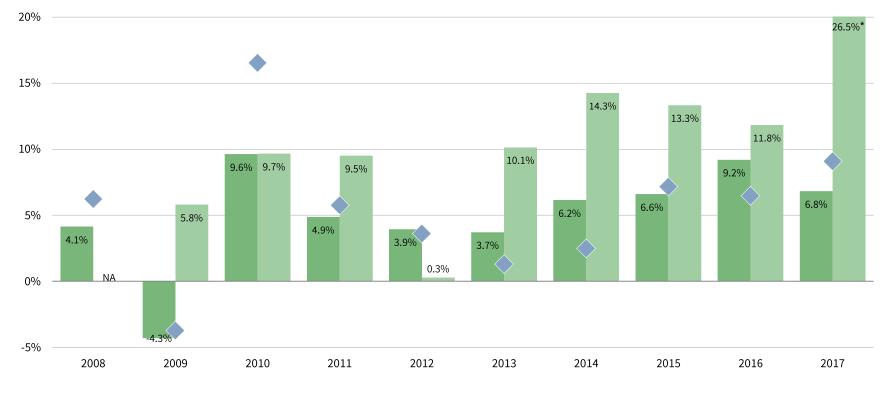


Sources: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers), FactSet Research Systems, and MSCI Inc. MSCI data provided "as is" without any express or implied warranties. Note: Outliers were identified and excluded and the same methodology was applied to the private equity and public company universes.

Growth equity and buyout companies grew EBITDA at an equal rate in 2010. Since then, growth equity companies have averaged double the growth of buyouts

AVERAGE ANNUAL EBITDA GROWTH OF BUYOUT AND GROWTH EQUITY COMPANIES VS PUBLIC COMPANIES

As of December 31, 2017 • Annual Growth Rate (%)



	Number of Companies									
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Buyout Companies	212	273	288	353	358	294	240	238	199	162
Growth Equity Companies	NA	19	35	50	58	41	50	47	33	33
MSCI All Country Europe Index	327	311	302	338	345	335	354	359	352	348

* Axis capped for scaling purposes.

strategy.

Sources: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers), FactSet Research Systems, and MSCI Inc. MSCI data provided "as is" without any express or implied warranties. Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded and the same methodology was applied to the private equity and public company universes. Private equity-owned companies were identified by the manager's stated

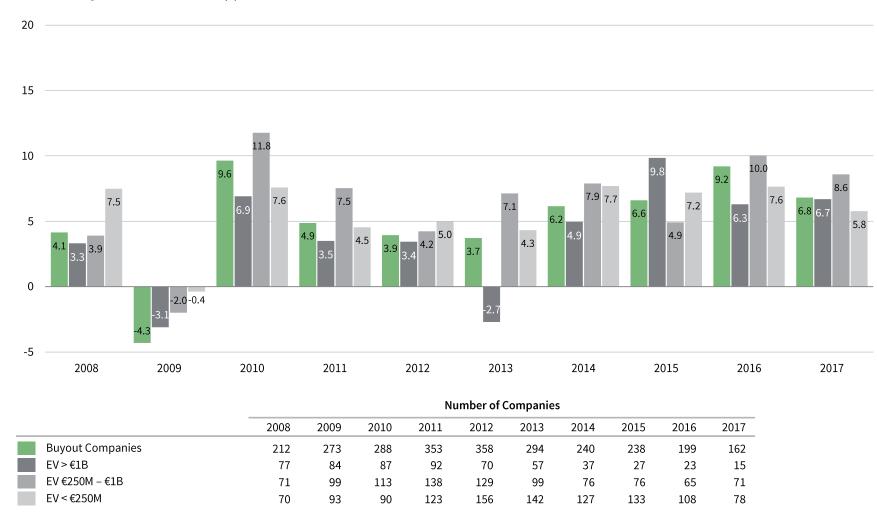
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EBITDA growth among large-sized buyouts was the most muted over the time period

At 6.4%, mid-sized companies averaged the best growth over the ten years

AVERAGE ANNUAL EBITDA GROWTH OF PRIVATE EQUITY BUYOUT COMPANIES BY ENTERPRISE VALUE SEGMENT

As of December 31, 2017 • Annual Growth Rate (%)



Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers). Note: Outliers were identified and excluded from the private equity company universes.

EUROPEAN ANALYSIS

- Purchase Price Multiple
- Leverage Multiple
- Revenue Growth
- EBITDA Growth
- EBITDA Margin
- Exit Metrics



Since 2010, public companies have operated at higher margins each year, with the gap between public and PE companies generally increasing AVERAGE ANNUAL EBITDA MARGIN OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES VS PUBLIC COMPANIES As of December 31, 2017 • EBITDA/Revenue (%) 30% 25% 20.1% 20.3% 19.5% 20% 20.7% 19.3% 19.2% 18.7% 18.8% 18.8% 18.8% 16.7% 15% 10% 5% 0% 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

	Number of Companies										
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Private Equity–Owned Companies	276	347	430	531	630	618	515	556	480	433	363
MSCI All Country Europe Index	504	386	360	397	388	388	397	404	409	406	407

Sources: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers), FactSet Research Systems, and MSCI Inc. MSCI data provided "as is" without any express or implied warranties. Note: Outliers were identified and excluded and the same methodology was applied to the private equity and public company universes.

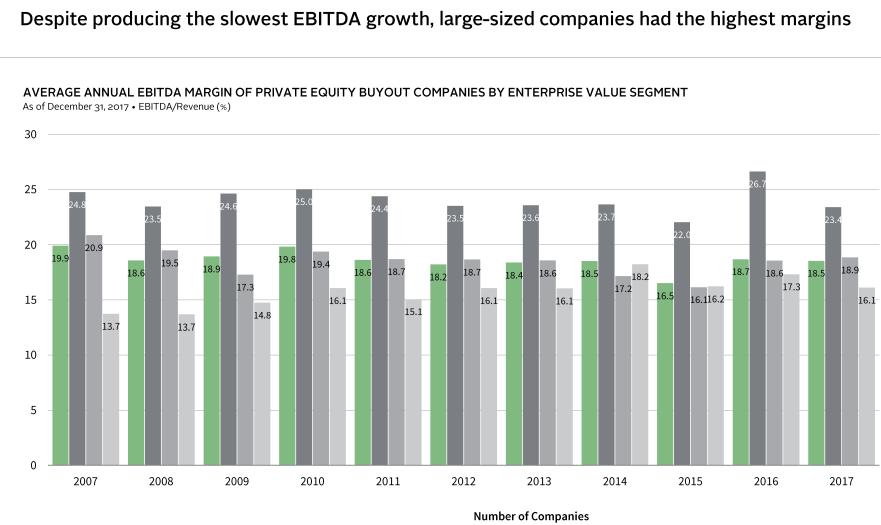
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Growth equity companies operated at virtually equal or higher margins than buyouts and public peers in every year analyzed AVERAGE ANNUAL EBITDA MARGIN OF BUYOUT AND GROWTH EQUITY COMPANIES VS PUBLIC COMPANIES As of December 31, 2017 • EBITDA/Revenue (%) 30% 28.6% 28.4% 26.7% 25% 23.5% 22.9% 23.4% 22.1% 20.7% 21.9% 21.7% 19.9% 20% 20.2% 19.8% 18.9% 18.7% 18.6% 18.5% 18.6% 18.5% 18.2% 18.4% 16.5% 15% 10% 5% 0% 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 **Number of Companies** 2008 2009 2010 2015 2007 2011 2012 2013 2014 2016 2017

Buyout Companies 247 298 432 507 479 437 363 347 275 352 417 **Growth Equity Companies** 15 23 42 60 77 98 66 82 76 50 62 MSCI All Country Europe Index 504 386 360 397 388 388 397 404 409 406 407

Sources: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers), FactSet Research Systems, and MSCI Inc. MSCI data provided "as is" without any express or implied warranties. Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded and the same methodology was applied to the private equity and public company universes. Private equity-owned companies were identified by the manager's strategy.

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	Number of companies										
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Buyout Companies	247	298	352	432	507	479	417	437	363	347	275
EV > €1B	80	93	103	107	108	80	84	55	40	39	31
EV €250M – €1B	79	105	123	167	181	168	142	131	114	129	107
EV < €250M	87	101	119	152	211	226	189	245	204	176	127

Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers). Note: Outliers were identified and excluded from the private equity company universes.

EUROPEAN ANALYSIS

- Purchase Price Multiple
- Leverage Multiple
- Revenue Growth
- EBITDA Growth
- EBITDA Margin
- Exit Metrics



Private equity has achieved significant multiple expansion in the five most recent acquisition years shown

Only companies acquired in 2007 were exited at lower multiples

MEDIAN EBITDA MULTIPLE EXPANSION OF EXITED PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES BY ACQUISITION YEAR

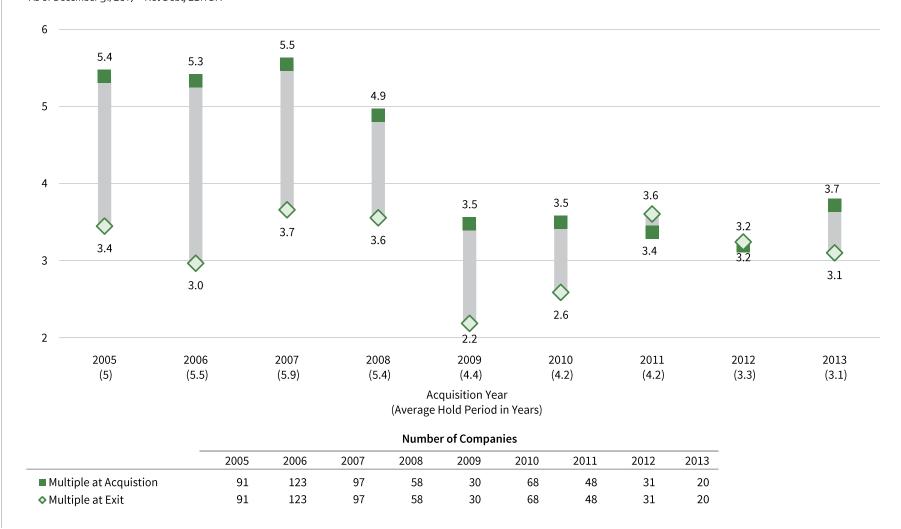
11.4 11.5 10.9 11.0 10.2 10.5 10.1 10.2 10.0 9.7 \diamond \Diamond 9.5 8.9 8.9 9.6 8.9 9.0 \bigcirc 8.9 8.5 8.8 8.5 8.0 8.3 8.1 8.0 7.8 7.5 7.0 6.9 6.5 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 (4.9) (5.6) (6.1)(5.7) (4.6) (4.3) (4.2) (3.4) (3.1)Acquisition Year (Average Hold Period in Years) **Number of Companies** 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 ■ Multiple at Acquistion 92 67 82 58 34 20 128 102 44 92 20 128 102 67 82 58 34 Multiple at Exit 44

As of December 31, 2017 • Enterprise Value/EBITDA

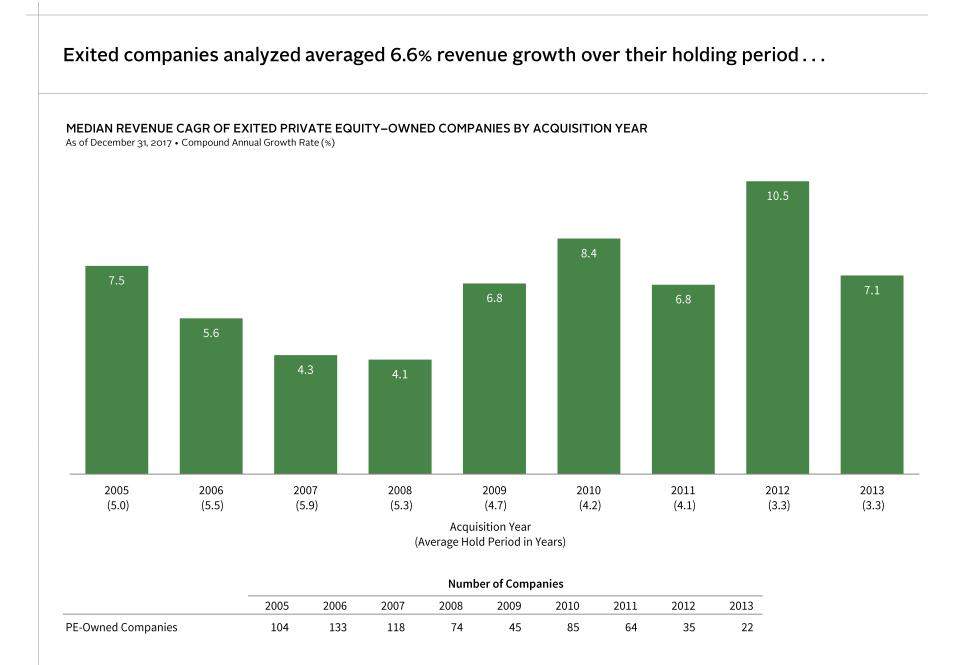
Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers). Note: All companies with negative EBITDA were excluded from the analysis.

In the last cycle of 5.0x+ leverage multiples at acquisition, managers were able to exit at significantly lower leverage multiples

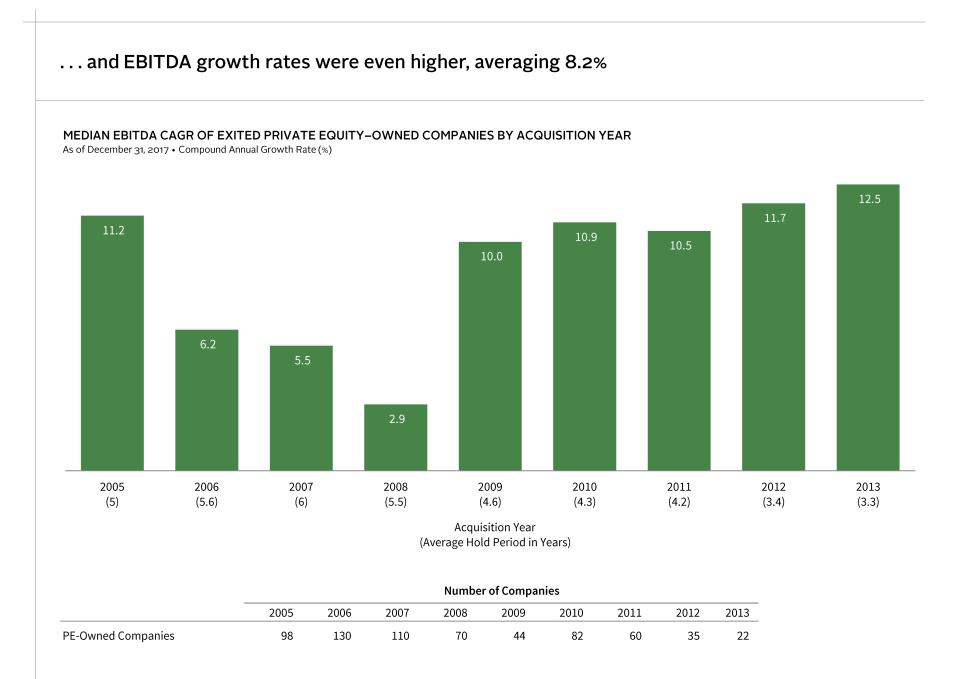
MEDIAN EBITDA LEVERAGE MULTIPLE COMPRESSION OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES BY ACQUISITION YEAR As of December 31, 2017 • Net Debt/EBITDA



Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers). Note: All companies with negative EBITDA and negative net debt were excluded from the analysis.



Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers). Note: All companies with negative EBITDA were excluded from the analysis.



Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers). Note: All companies with negative EBITDA were excluded from the analysis.

Margins were improved or maintained in four of the five acquisition years since 2009

Companies purchased from 2010 to 2012 had the highest EBITDA margins at acquisition

MEDIAN EBITDA MARGIN EXPANSION OF EXITED PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES BY ACQUISITION YEAR

21.0 20.8 21 20.3 \bigtriangledown 20 19.5 20.2 19 18.2 18.1 18.9 18.1 17.9 18 18.3 18.0 17.2 17.4 17 \bigcirc 16.8 16.8 16.8 16 \bigcirc 15.7 15 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 (5) (5.6) (6) (5.5)(4.6) (4.3)(4.1)(3.4) (3.3)Acquisition Year (Average Holding Period in Years) Number of Companies 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2013 2011 2012 ■ Margin at Acquisition 98 127 106 65 43 80 59 33 21 98 127 106 65 59 33 21 43 80 Margin at Exit

As of December 31, 2017 • EBITDA/Revenue (%)

Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers). Note: All companies with negative EBITDA were excluded from the analysis.

ASIAN ANALYSIS

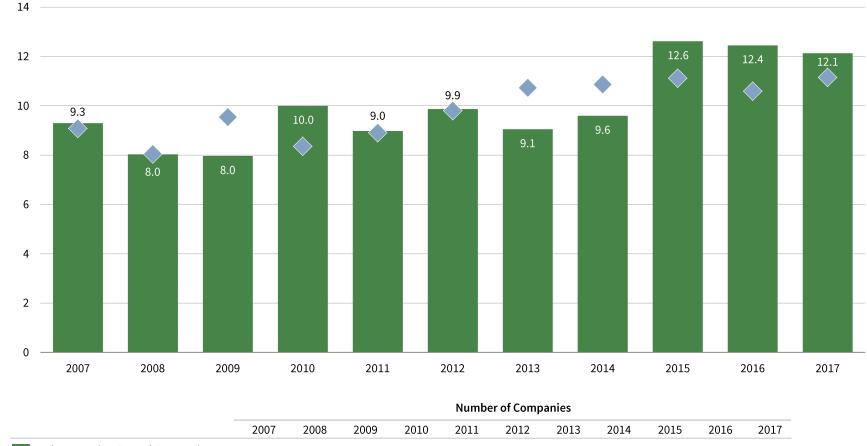
Investments are fully priced with moderately leveraged entry and a focus on growth thereafter.



From 2015 to 2017, PE-owned companies transacted at higher multiples than their public peers

Prior to 2015, private PPMs averaged 9.1x; in the last three years, they averaged 12.4x

AVERAGE EBITDA PURCHASE PRICE MULTIPLES AT ACQUISITION OF PRIVATE EQUITY–OWNED COMPANIES VS PUBLIC COMPANIES As of December 31, 2017 • Enterprise Value/EBITDA

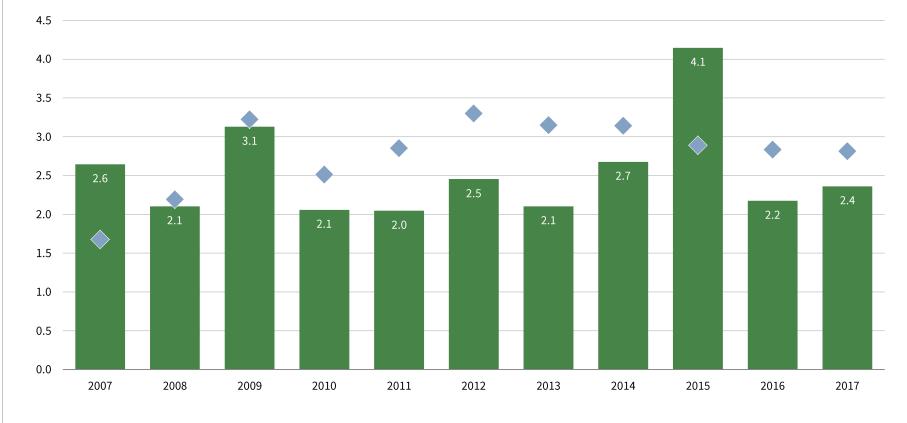


Private Equity-Owned Companies MSCI All Country Asia Index

Asian PE companies generally employed equal or less leverage than public peers

The two exceptions were 2007 and 2015

AVERAGE EBITDA LEVERAGE MULTIPLES AT ACQUISITION OF PRIVATE EQUITY–OWNED COMPANIES VS PUBLIC COMPANIES As of December 31, 2017 • Net Debt/EBITDA



	Number of Companies										
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Private Equity-Owned Companies	66	56	26	56	47	40	44	37	21	21	23
MSCI All Country Asia Index	194	207	266	352	362	373	377	381	375	384	377

Private companies averaged 8.5 percentage points more revenue growth than publics

Following three years of decline, public company revenue growth increased in 2017

AVERAGE ANNUAL REVENUE GROWTH OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES VS PUBLIC COMPANIES

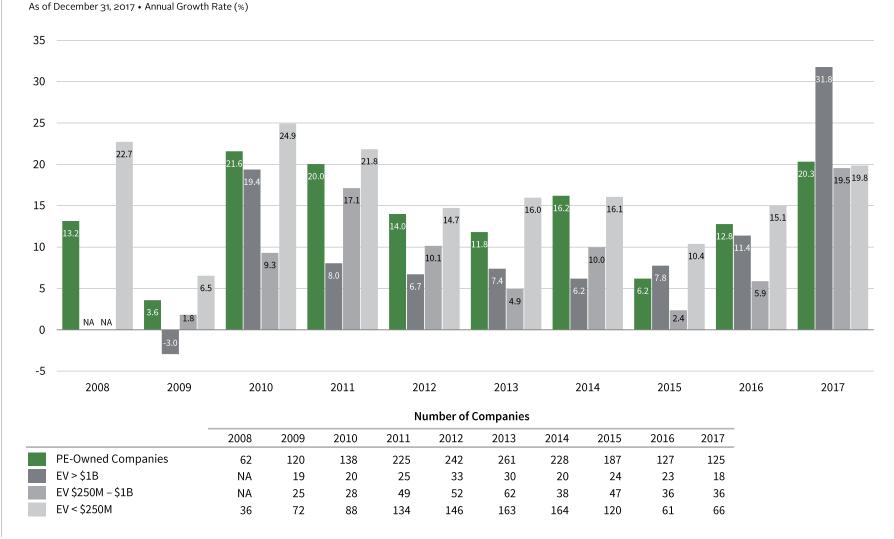
25% 20% 21.6% 20.3% 20.0% 15% 16.2% 14.0% 13.2% 12.8% 11.8% 10% \bigcirc 5% 6.2% 3.6% 0% -5% -10% 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 **Number of Companies** 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 Private Equity-Owned Companies 62 120 138 225 242 261 228 187 127 125 MSCI All Country Asia Index 607 662 676 716 768 757 765 732 790 779

As of December 31, 2017 • Annual Growth Rate (%)

After generally underperforming their counterparts, large-sized companies were the strongest performers in 2017

Large-sized companies averaged 8% annual revenue growth from 2009 to 2016 before quadrupling that pace in 2017

AVERAGE ANNUAL REVENUE GROWTH OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES BY ENTERPRISE VALUE SEGMENT



Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers). Note: Outliers were identified and excluded from the private company universes.

PE-owned companies grew EBITDA at an equal or faster pace than publics in eight of ten years

In 2017, private company EBITDA growth nearly matched its previous peak in 2011

AVERAGE ANNUAL EBITDA GROWTH OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES VS PUBLIC COMPANIES

As of December 31, 2017 • Annual Growth Rate (%)

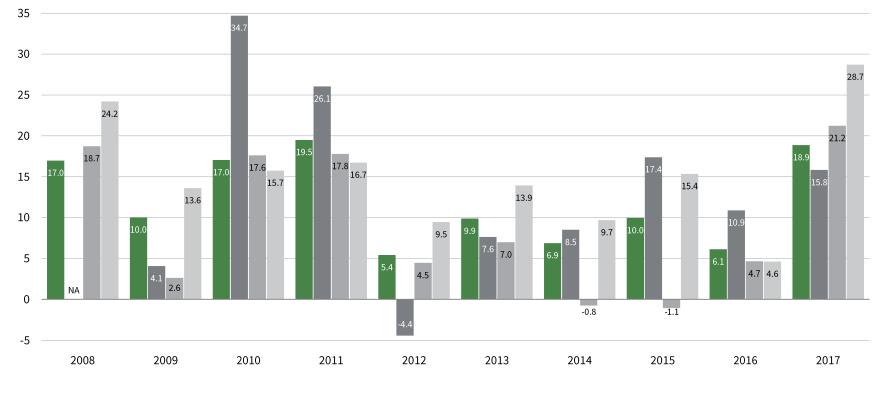


For companies with positive EBITDA, growth has been strong, averaging 12.1% across the ten years analyzed

Calendar year 2017 showed the strongest growth across the size ranges over the last five years

AVERAGE ANNUAL EBITDA GROWTH OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES BY ENTERPRISE VALUE SEGMENT

As of December 31, 2017 • Annual Growth Rate (%)



	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
PE-Owned Companies	65	106	133	171	155	152	129	119	94	94
EV > \$1B	NA	20	19	24	34	28	21	22	21	15
EV \$250M – \$1B	18	22	28	45	45	51	36	40	31	27
EV < \$250M	35	64	80	95	72	66	70	53	38	45

Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers). Note: Outliers were identified and excluded from the private company universes.

Private company EBITDA margins were higher than those of public companies in each year since 2009

As of December 31, 2017 • EBITDA/Revenue (%)

However, margins for the PE-owned universe decreased notably over 2016 –17, while public company margins trended up

AVERAGE ANNUAL EBITDA MARGIN OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES VS PUBLIC COMPANIES

25% 22.8% 19.6% 21.1% 19.4% 20% 19.7% 18.9% 19.6% 19.4% 19.1% \bigcirc \bigcirc 17.0% 15% 16.1% 10% 5% 0% 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

	Number of Companies										
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Private Equity–Owned Companies	63	116	140	204	254	263	232	271	201	170	216
MSCI All Country Asia Index	289	513	417	499	644	672	682	715	718	728	731

Margins continued to be healthy across the various size groupings

Large caps led the way in the past three years

AVERAGE ANNUAL EBITDA MARGIN OF PRIVATE EQUITY–OWNED COMPANIES BY ENTERPRISE VALUE SEGMENT As of December 31, 2017 • EBITDA/Revenue (%)

28.9 26. 25.6 23.8 21.6 21.5 21.6 21. 20.0 19.6 19.1 17.6 17.5 17.6 17.5 16.817.1 16.8 16.7 16.4 15.5 14.3 NA NA Number of Companies **PE-Owned Companies** EV > \$1B NA

 EV < \$250M</td>
 37
 72
 86
 111
 134
 134

 Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

NA

Note: Outliers were identified and excluded from the private company universes.

EV \$250M - \$1B

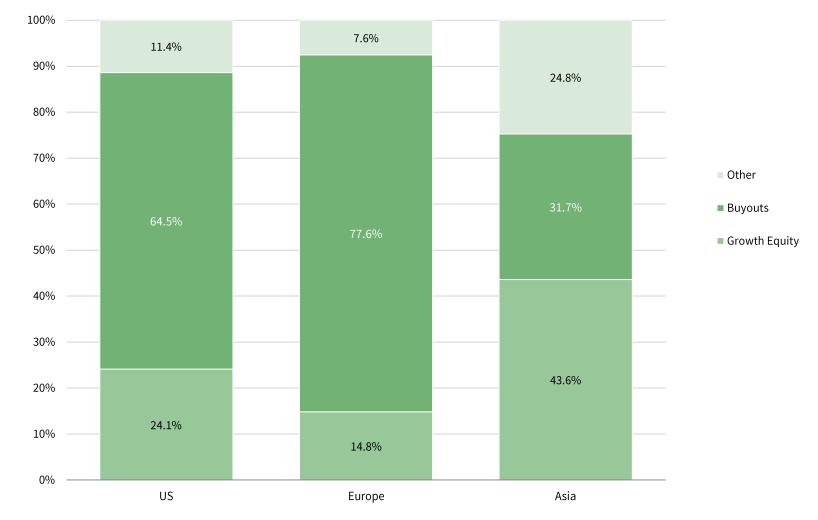
APPENDIX A BREAKDOWN OF INVESTMENT STRATEGIES IN ASIA, EUROPE, AND THE UNITED STATES



The US and Europe samples are comprised of mostly buyouts; Asia is heavily influenced by growth equity

BREAKDOWN OF INVESTMENT STRATEGIES BY REGION

As of December 31, 2017 • Percent (%)



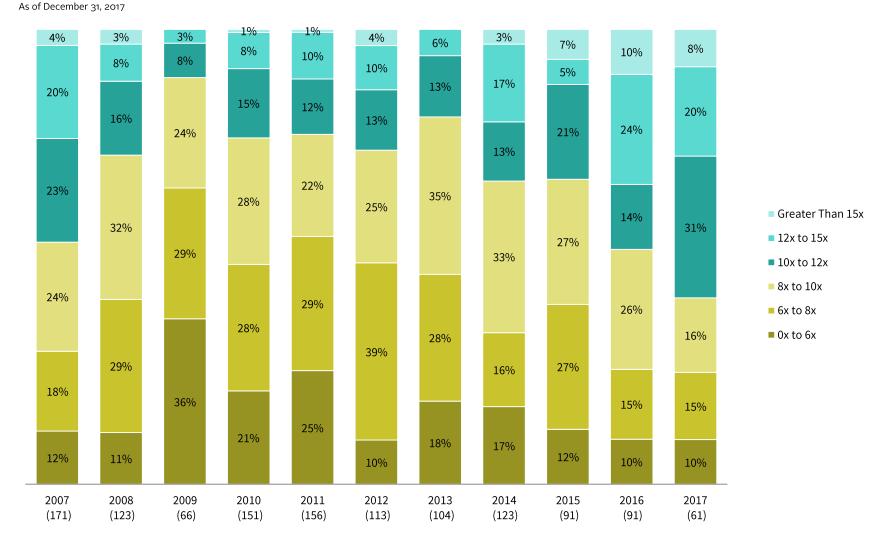
Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

Notes: "Other" includes strategies reported as: 'Venture' (including late stage), 'Debt', 'Minority Non-Growth Equity', as well as strategies that do not fit into any of the categories. The breakdown of these regions includes the investments counted in at least one of the five main metrics analyzed in this report.



APPENDIX B DISTRIBUTION OF ANALYZED METRICS FOR EUROPEAN COMPANIES

Distribution of European companies with various EBITDA PPMs at acquisition



AVERAGE EBITDA PURCHASE PRICE MULTIPLE BREAKDOWN OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES

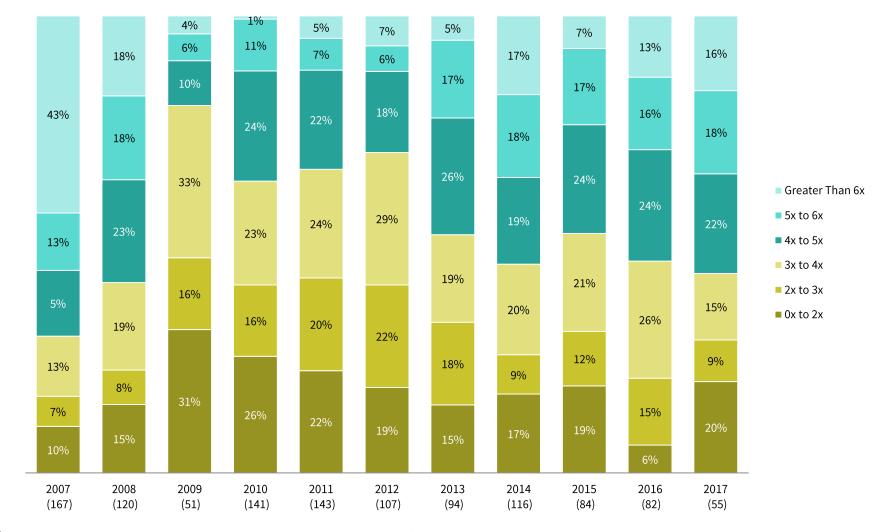
Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded. Numbers in parentheses represent total private companies in a year. Each range includes the lower bound value. For example, the "6x–8x" range includes companies with reported EBITDA purchase price of exactly 6x.

Distribution of European companies with various leverage multiples at acquisition

AVERAGE LEVERAGE MULTIPLE BREAKDOWN OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES

As of December 31, 2017



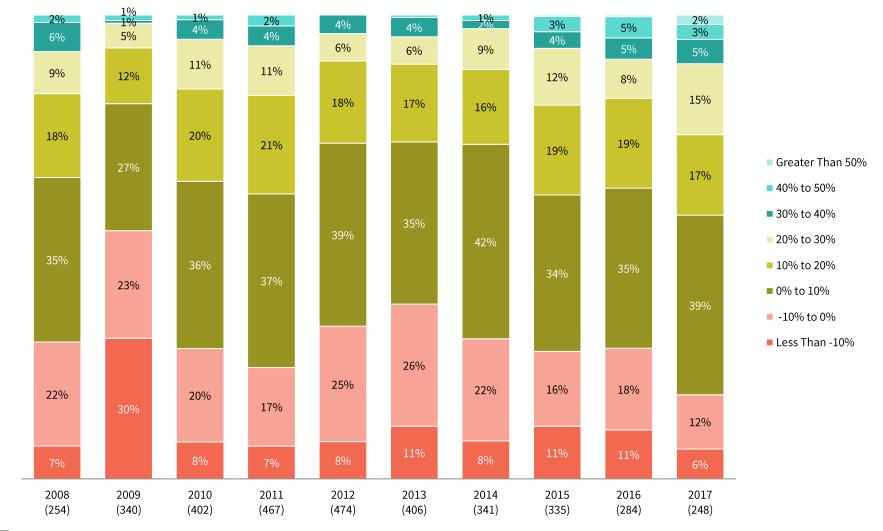
Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded. Numbers in parentheses represent total private companies in a year. Each range includes the lower bound value. For example, the "4x to 5x" range includes companies with reported leverage multiples of exactly 4x.

Distribution of European companies achieving various levels of revenue growth

AVERAGE ANNUAL REVENUE GROWTH BREAKDOWN OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES

As of December 31, 2017



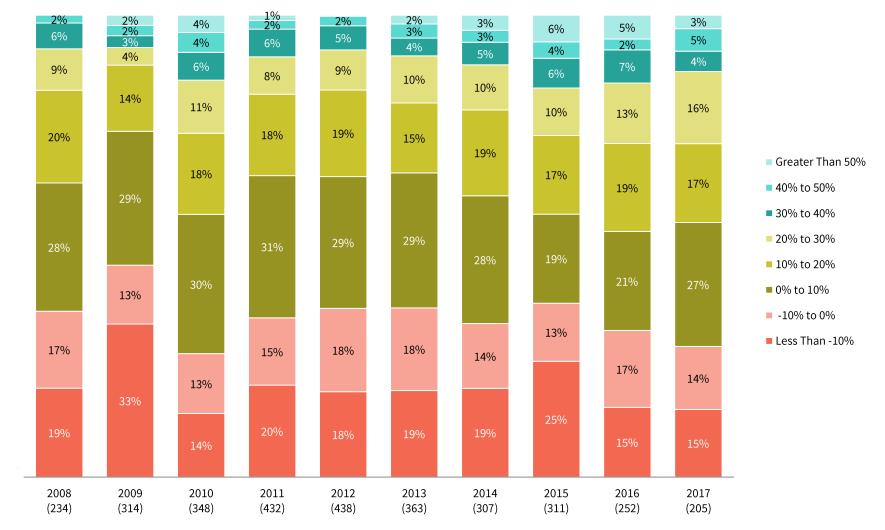
Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded. Numbers in parentheses represent total private companies in a year. Each range includes the lower bound value. For example, the "0%–10%" range includes companies with reported growth of exactly 0%.

Distribution of European companies achieving various levels of EBITDA growth

AVERAGE ANNUAL EBITDA GROWTH BREAKDOWN OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES

As of December 31, 2017



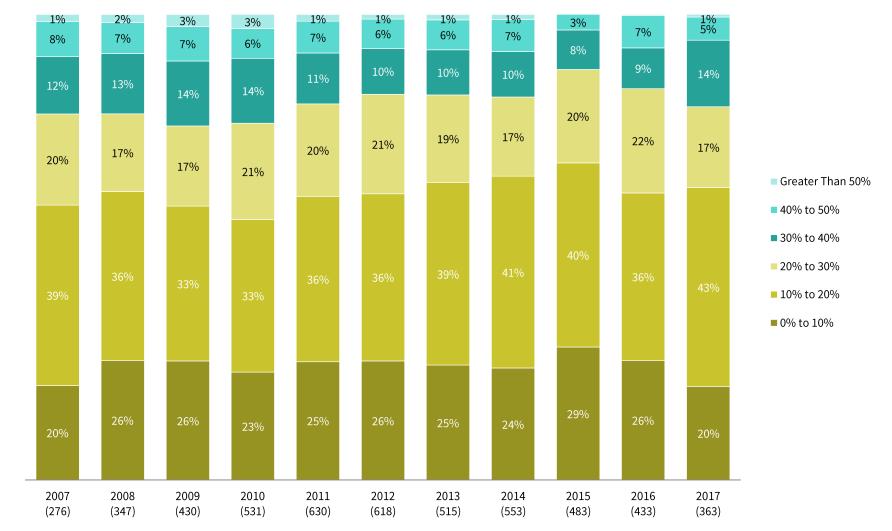
Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded. Numbers in parentheses represent total private companies in a year. Each range includes the lower bound value. For example, the "0%–10%" range includes companies with reported growth of exactly 0%.

Distribution of European companies achieving various ranges of EBITDA margins

AVERAGE ANNUAL EBITDA MARGIN BREAKDOWN OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES

As of December 31, 2017 • EBITDA/Revenue (%)



Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded. Numbers in parentheses represent total private companies in a year. Each range includes the lower bound value. For example, the "0%–10%" range includes companies with reported growth of exactly 0%.



APPENDIX C DISTRIBUTION OF ANALYZED METRICS FOR ASIAN COMPANIES

Distribution of Asian companies with various EBITDA PPMs at acquisition

1% 9% 10% 9% 12% 12% 13% 16% 18% 26% 26% 10% 15% 10% 8% 35% 16% 11%2% 10% 17% 10% 8% 13% 19% 21% 23% Greater Than 15x 11% 23% 13% 16% 12x to 15x 20% 26% 13% 10x to 12x 24% 13% 9% 8x to 10x 27% 6x to 8x 21% 21% 21% 14% Ox to 6x 13% 26% 30% 19% 19% 40% 17% 13% 11% 29% 29% 28% 26% 19% 16% 13% 11% 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 (97) (75) (42) (93) (82) (61) (61) (54) (37) (39) (35)

AVERAGE EBITDA PURCHASE PRICE MULTIPLE BREAKDOWN OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES

As of December 31, 2017

Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

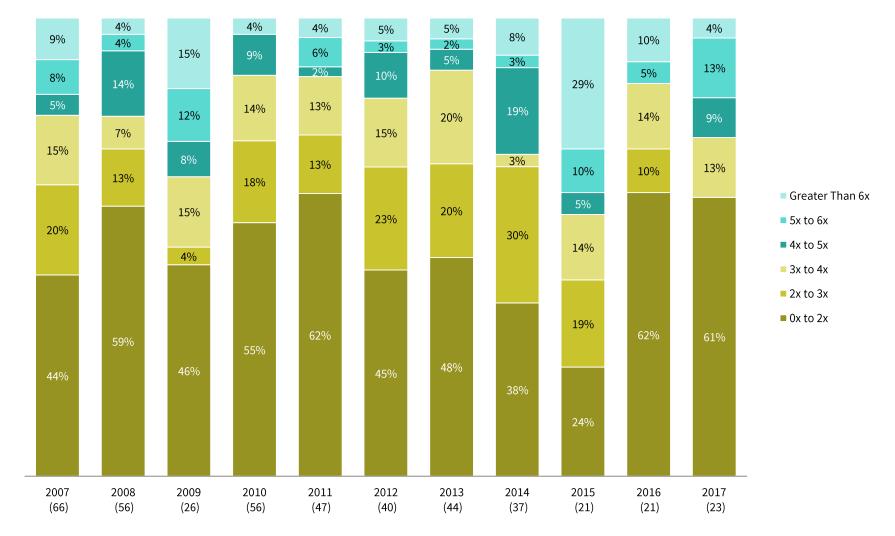
Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded. Numbers in parentheses represent total private companies in a year. Each range includes the lower bound value. For example, the "6x to 8x" range includes companies with reported EBITDA purchase price of exactly 6x.

page 55

Distribution of Asian companies with various leverage multiples at acquisition

AVERAGE LEVERAGE MULTIPLE BREAKDOWN OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES

As of December 31, 2017



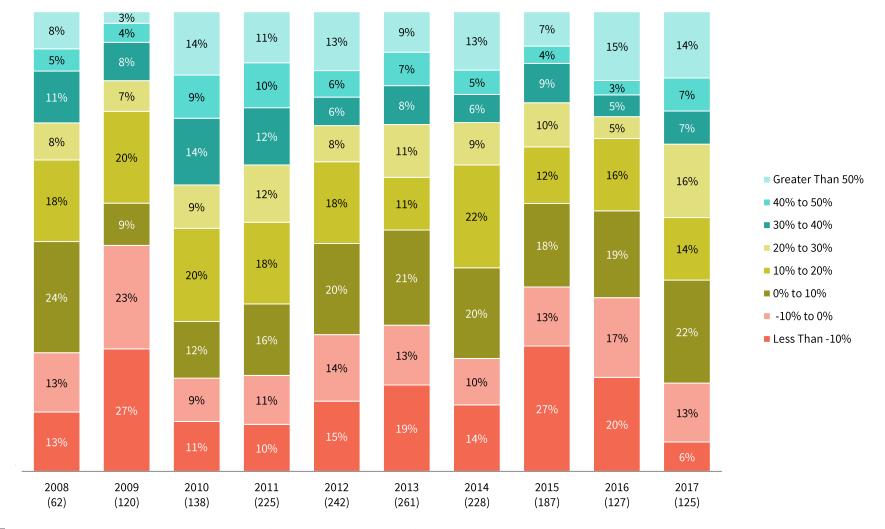
Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded. Numbers in parentheses represent total private companies in a year. Each range includes the lower bound value. For example, the "4x to 5x" range includes companies with reported leverage multiples of exactly 4x.

Distribution of Asian companies achieving various levels of revenue growth

AVERAGE ANNUAL REVENUE GROWTH BREAKDOWN OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES

As of December 31, 2017



Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded. Numbers in parentheses represent total private companies in a year. Each range includes the lower bound value. For example, the "0% to 10%" range includes companies with reported growth of exactly 0%.

Distribution of Asian companies achieving various levels of EBITDA growth

AVERAGE ANNUAL EBITDA GROWTH BREAKDOWN OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES

As of December 31, 2017



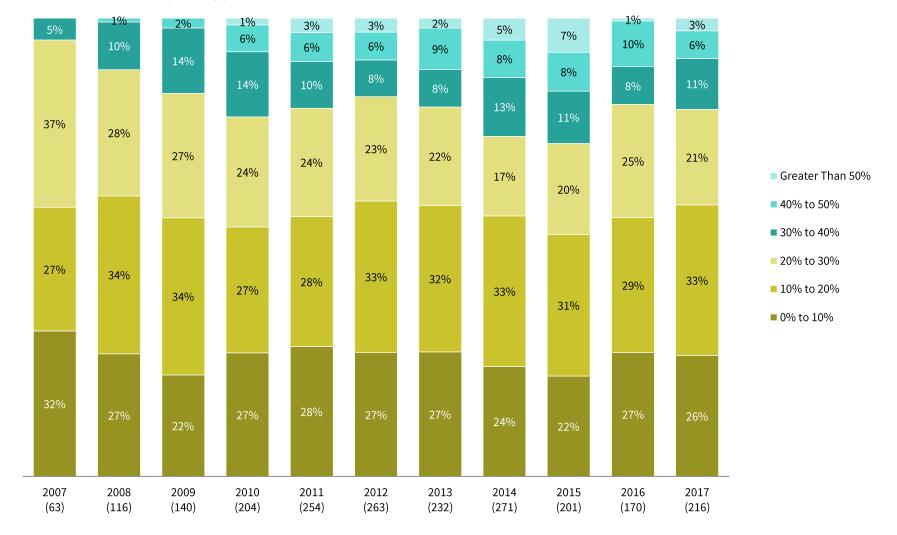
Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded. Numbers in parentheses represent total private companies in a year. Each range includes the lower bound value. For example, the "0% to 10%" range includes companies with reported growth of exactly 0%.

Distribution of Asian companies achieving various ranges of EBITDA margins

AVERAGE ANNUAL EBITDA MARGIN BREAKDOWN OF PRIVATE EQUITY-OWNED COMPANIES

As of December 31, 2017 • EBITDA/Revenue (%)



Source: Cambridge Associates LLC Private Investments Database (as reported by investment managers).

Notes: Outliers were identified and excluded. Numbers in parentheses represent total private companies in a year. Each range includes the lower bound value. For example, the "0% to 10%" range includes companies with reported growth of exactly 0%.



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